

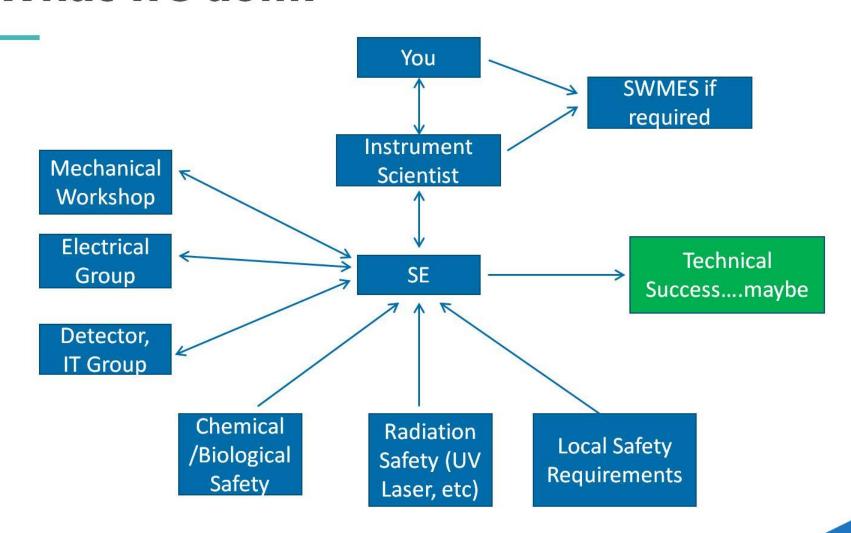


Sample Environment: What we can do for you...

R. White, G. Davidson, N. Booth, A. Manning,

D. Wakeham, T. D'Adam, S. Lee

What we do....





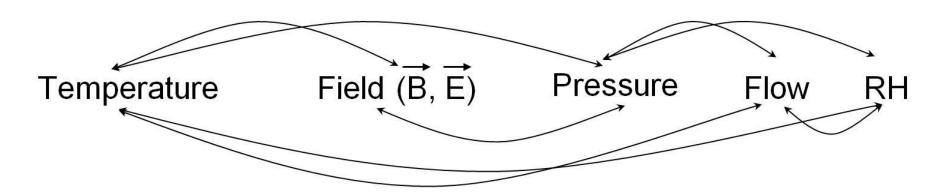
The Labs at ACNS

- Our labs are for sample preparation not synthesis!
 - Balances, Centrifuge, ovens and furnaces available
 - Limited solvents and gases as stock
 - Please check via your Instrument Scientist/User office that we have what you need well before hand.
- Also available
 - UV/Vis, FTIR, pH meters
 - Spin coater
 - Dipping trough





So what about Sample Environment? What is important for your sample?



Data Acquisition Time

Accuracy and Precision

Results

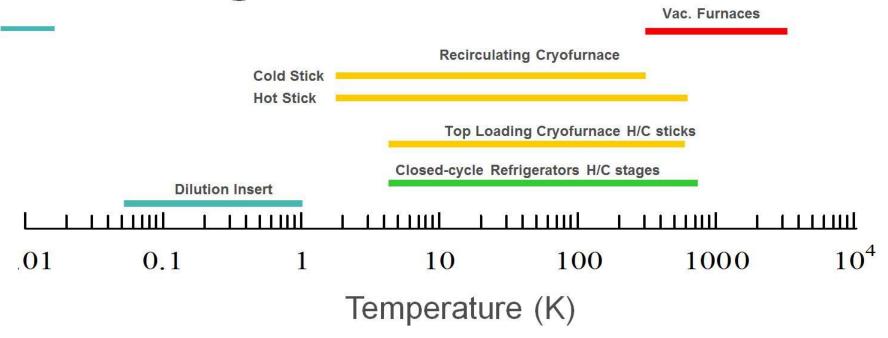


Be methodical / Know your sample

- Prioritise Parameters
- Temperature
 - Static (tolerance) or Range (ramp or isothermal steps)
- Pressure
 - Magnitude, pressurised with liquid or Gas
- Magnetic or Electric Field
 - Magnitude, Static ?, Direction (parallel or perpendicular)
- Light Irradiation
 - Magnitude and wavelength (or white)
- Complimentary Spectroscopy
 - Wavelength range, UV/Vis, NIR...
- THIS LIST DOES NOT INCLUDE ALL OPTIONS.



What Range?



Temperature sensor/equipment operating ranges are finite!

Same applies to other parameters (eg. electric field)



What Direction?

- Electric Field orientations
 - Both parallel and perpendicular available.
 - Parallel requires neutron transparent electrodes.
- Magnetic Field orientations
 - Dictated by magnet construction
 - Vertical and Electromagnet perpendicular only
 - Horizontal parallel and perpendicular (diffraction can be difficult depending on magnitude)
- Single Crystal Alignment
 - Try to do this before you arrive
 - Long thin crystal when align may touch chamber walls



What Size?

- Discuss path lengths for SANS, USANS
- Will it fit on the sample stage? Is it cut to size ?(Strain Scanner, Radiography)
- Is it going in a cryostat? Check sample chamber dimensions.
- If its powder do you have enough ?
 - Generally neutron samples volumes are much larger than Synchrotron or normal x-ray samples.



How many samples have you got?

- Sample changers available for SANS, USANS, Diffraction and Strain Scanner. (limited temperature ranges)
 - Soon to be available for 1T magnet

Generally cryostats one sample at a time Top loaders allow fast sample changers Bottom loaders have to be warmed to room temperature.

If you are controlling over a range that requires a changes to the SE try to minimise changes to reduce lost time.



Planning (in a perfect world)

Prior

Preparation

Prevents

Poor

Performance

Preparation

(S.E. consultation)

- - ✓ Scientific national & international experts
 ✓ Technical & Safety Review (S.E. & Lab Manager)
 - ✓ Proposal Assessment Committee
- Scheduling
 - ✓ User Office
 - Instrument Scientists

(S.E. consultation)

- Customer feedback (smiley emoji)

(24 hrs min.)



Planning

What REALLY HAPPENS

Preparation

WILL BRING OWN SE or None Requested (unclear proposal)

- Submission
- Review

Scientific

Technical & Safety

PAC

Proposal calls for ambient conditions

Scheduling

SE GROUP IS RELIEVED

Arrival

Experiment parameters changed

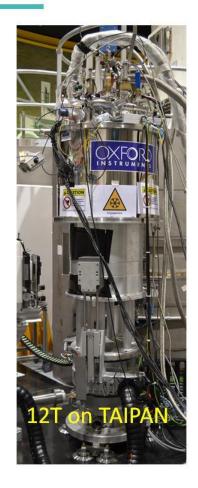
SE scrambles to meet demand

- Completion
- Customer feedback

@!%!**#~@#!! SE Group



Now some cool set ups.... Big Cryo's





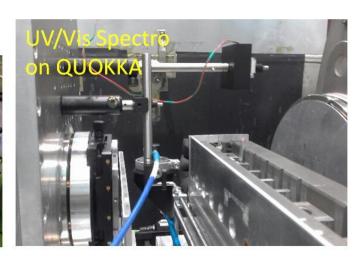




More Weird Stuff...













And Many more...

- High pressure on Diffraction (8GPa) and SANS (350Mpa)
- High Voltage up to 20kV
- Potentiostat control to pA
- Syringe and HPLC pumps for in situ sample delivery and mixing.
- Stopped flow cell kinetics on SANS
- Polarised neutron experiments.
- And we will help with custom designed experiments but give us plenty of time.



What is Your Dream Experiment?

Apart from environmental controls what complimentary

measurement do you want while collecting neutron data?



Lets talk about your SE.



