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## Growth and Properties of Strain-tuned SrCoO<sub>x</sub> (2.5 ≤ x < 3) Thin Films

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Controlling material properties by strain is one of the main concepts of thin film growth technology. By altering the order parameter in ferroic materials with which the lattice is coupled, new properties can be achieved, e.g. in perovskite SrCoO<sub>x</sub> which was identified as a parent phase of strong spin-phonon coupling materials. Here, we present results on a strain-induced antiferromagnetic-ferromagnetic phase transition in high quality epitaxial SrCoO<sub>x</sub> (2.5 ≤ x < 3) (oxygen deficient SrCoO<sub>3</sub>) thin films grown on (001) SrTiO<sub>3</sub>, (110) DyScO<sub>3</sub> and (001) LaAlO<sub>3</sub> substrates by pulsed laser deposition. Electronic and magnetic properties of the samples were characterized by XAS, XPS, neutron scattering and magnetometry measurements. Our results demonstrate that the ferromagnetism observed in SrCoO<sub>x</sub>/SrTiO<sub>3</sub> can be suppressed and changed to antiferromagnetism in SrCoO<sub>x</sub>/DyScO<sub>3</sub> through tensile strain. - Further measurements on SrCoO<sub>x</sub>/LaAlO<sub>3</sub> are currently on-going.

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