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## Canine osteosarcoma positioning and dosimetry study

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Appendicular osteosarcoma is a highly destructive malignant primary bone tumour occurring in both canine and human patients. Clinically, amputation is the most common outcome, however, Synchrotron generated radiotherapy may provide a preferable alternative.

Building from a body of knowledge acquired in small animal models, client-owned dogs with spontaneously developing tumours would be an excellent translational model to assess novel radiation therapies, moving toward the ultimate goal of human patients.

This work presents a positioning and dosimetry study using a canine cadaver as a proof-of-concept for veterinary trials at the imaging and medical beamline of the Australian Synchrotron. This included x-ray imaging, alignment to the treatment beam, simulation and prescription of a therapeutic dose and finally the delivery of said prescription.

### Level of Expertise

Student

### Presenter Gender

Man

### Pronouns

He/Him

### Which facility did you use for your research

Australian Synchrotron

### Students Only - Are you interested in AINSE student funding

Yes

### Do you wish to take part in the Student Poster Slam

Yes

### Condition of submission

Yes

**Primary author(s) :** PAINO, Jason (UOW); Dr SCHÜLTKE, Elisabeth (Department of Radiooncology, Rostock University Medical Center, Rostock, Germany); ENGELS, Elette (University of Wollongong); BARNES, Micah (RMIT); Dr RYAN, Stewart (Department of Surgical Oncology, Melbourne University Veterinary School, Australia); KLEIN, Mitzi (Australian Synchrotron); Dr JAEKEL, Fleix (Department of Radiooncology, Rostock University Medical Center, Rostock, Germany); HAUSERMANN, Daniel (Australian Synchrotron); LERCH, Michael (University of Wollongong)

**Presenter(s) :** PAINO, Jason (UOW)

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