## ANSTO User Meeting 2021



Contribution ID : 78

Type : Poster

# SNAKE VENOM-CONTRLLED 3D FIBRIN ARCHITECTURE REVEALED BY SANS/USANS DICTATES FIBROBLAST DIFFERENTATION

Thursday, 25 November 2021 18:27 (1)

Fibrin is the founding matrix after injury, delivering the key biophysical cues to promote wound healing in a timely and coordinated manner. The effect of the fibrin architecture on wound healing hasn't been studied due to a lack of control over the enzyme-catalyzed polymerization of the fibrin network in vitro. Here, we establish a new defined snake venom-controlled fibrin system with precisely and independently controlled architectural and mechanical properties. By utilising combined small-angle neutron scattering (SANS) and ultra-small angle neutron scattering (USANS) techniques, we characterize the full-scale architectural properties of the new system from the internal structure of the individual fibres to the structure of the fibrin networks and compare them to super-resolution optical methods. This very precise set of neutron scattering data confirms our full control over the network's architectural features, which serves as a foundation for the application of this defined system. The subsequent cell differentiation studies reveal that fibrin architecture has prevailing control over fibroblast spreading phenotypes and long-term myofibroblast differentiation. These findings implicate matrix architecture as a key activator of fibroblast differentiation and provide new biophysical strategies in the design of biomaterials to promote scarless wound healing.

#### Level of Expertise

Student

### **Presenter Gender**

Man

### Pronouns

He/Him

### Which facility did you use for your research

Australian Centre for Neutron Scattering

## Students Only - Are you interested in AINSE student funding

Yes

### Do you wish to take part in the Student Poster Slam

Yes

## **Condition of submission**

Yes

**Primary author(s) :** Mr WANG, Zhao (1Australian Institute for Bioengineering and Nanotechnology, The University of Queensland, Australia.); Dr LAUKO, Jan (1Australian Institute for Bioengineering and Nanotechnology, The University of Queensland, Australia.); Dr KIJAS, Amanda (1Australian Institute for Bioengineering and Nanotechnology, The University of Queensland, Australia.); Prof. GILBERT, Elliot (Australian Institute for Bioengineering and Nanotechnology, The University of Queensland, Australia.); Prof. GILBERT, Elliot (Australian Institute for Bioengineering and Nanotechnology, The University of Queensland, Australia; Australian Centre for Neutron Scattering, Australian Nuclear Science and Technology Organization, Lucas Heights, NSW, Australia.); Prof. MATA, Jitendra (Australian Centre for Neutron Scattering, Australian Nuclear Science and Technology Organization, Lucas Heights, NSW, Australia.); Dr TURUNEN, Petri (Microscopy Core Facility, Institute of Molecular Biology, Mainz, Germany.); Prof. ROWAN, Alan (Australian Institute for Bioengineering and Nanotechnology, The University of Queensland, Australia.)

**Presenter(s) :** Mr WANG, Zhao (1Australian Institute for Bioengineering and Nanotechnology, The University of Queensland, Australia.)

Session Classification : Poster Session

Track Classification : Advanced Materials